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WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. A method, comprising:

fusing a nuclear donor cell with an enucleated recipient cell to form a nuclear transfer embryo; and

introducing an artificial chromosome into the nuclear transfer embryo, whereby the resulting nuclear transfer embryo comprises the artificial chromosome, wherein:

introduction into the nucleoar transfer embryo is effected by introducing the artificial chromosome into a donor cell or enucleated recipient prior to fusing a nuclear donor cell with an enucleated recipient cell, or is introduced into the embryo after fusing a nuclear donor cell with an enucleated recipient cell.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the artificial chromosome is a minichromosome or a satellite artificial chromosome.
- 3. The method of claim 1) further comprising:
 activating the nuclear transfer embryo; and
 transferring the nuclear transfer embryo into a maternal host
 animal.
- 4. The method of claim 3, further comprising:

 permitting the transferred nuclear transfer embryo to develop
 into an animal in the host.
 - 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the artificial chromosome comprises heterologous DNA that encodes a gene product.
- 6. The method of claim 3, wherein the host is selected from 25 among a cow, goat, mouse, ox, camel, pig and sheep.
 - 7. The method of claim 5, wherein the resulting animal expresses the gene product in its milk.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the artificial chromosome is introduced into the nuclear donor cell prior to fusion of the nuclear donor cell with the enucleated recipient cell.

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- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the artificial chromosome is introduced into the enucleated recipient cell prior to fusion of the nuclear donor cell with the enucleated recipient cell.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the artificial chromosome is5 introduced into the nuclear transfer embryo after fusion of the nuclear donor cell with the enucleated ecipient cell.
 - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the artificial chromosome is a satellite artificial chromosome.
- 12. The method of claim 2, wherein the artificial chromosome is10 a satellite artificial chromosome.
 - 13. The method of claim 3, wherein the artificial chromosome is a satellite artificial chromosome.
 - 14. The method of claim 4, wherein the artificial chromosome is a satellite artificial chromosome.
 - 15. The method of claim 5, wherein the artificial chromosome is a satellite artificial chromosome.
 - 16. The method of claim 8, wherein the artificial chromosome is introduced into the nuclear donor cell by a method selected from among direct uptake, microinjection, cell fusion, microcell fusion, electroporation, electrofusion, projectile combardment, calcium phosphate precipitation and lipid-mediated transfer.
 - 17. The method of claim 9, wherein the artificial chromosome is introduced into the nuclear donor cell by a method selected from among direct uptake, microinjection, cell fusion, microcell fusion, electroporation, electrofusion, projectile bombardment, calcium phosphate precipitation and lipid-mediated transfer.
 - 18. The method of claim 10, wherein the artificial chromosome is introduced into the embryo by a method selected from among direct uptake, microinjection, cell fusion, microcell fusion, electroporation, electrofusion, projectile bombardment, calcium phosphate precipitation and lipid-mediated transfer.





- 19. The method of claim 11, wherein the satellite artificial chromosome is isolated prior to introducing it.
- 20. The method of claim 2, wherein the artificial chromosome is a minichromosome.
- 5 21. The method of claim 4, wherein the host is selected from among a cow, goat, mouse, ox, camel, pig and sheep.
 - 22. The method of claim 6, wherein the resulting animal expresses the gene product in its milk.

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